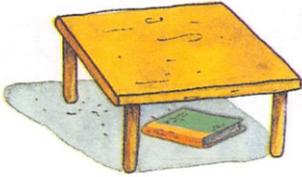


الدَّرْسُ الْخَامِسُ

LESSON FIVE

سَعِيدٌ : أَكْتَابُ مُحَمَّدٍ هَذَا يَا يَاسِرُ ؟
Yasir! Is this Muhammed's book?
يَاسِرٌ : لَا ، هَذَا كِتَابُ حَامِدٍ .
No, This is Hamid's Book.

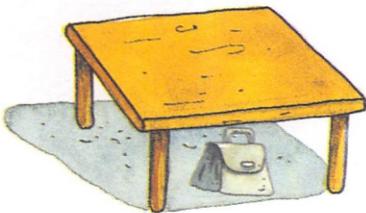


سَعِيدٌ : أَيْنَ كِتَابُ مُحَمَّدٍ ؟
Where is Muhammed's Book?
يَاسِرٌ : هُوَ تَحْتَ الْمَكْتَبِ هُنَاكَ .
It's there under the table.

سَعِيدٌ : أَيْنَ دَفْتَرُ عَمَّارٍ ؟
Where is Ammar's Register?
يَاسِرٌ : هُوَ عَلَى مَكْتَبِ الْمُدْرَسِ .
It's on teacher's table.



سَعِيدٌ : قَلَمٌ مَنْ هَذَا يَا عَلِيُّ ؟
Ali! who's this pen?
عَلِيٌّ : هَذَا قَلَمُ الْمُدْرَسِ .
This is teacher's pen.



سَعِيدٌ : أَيْنَ حَقِيْبَةُ الْمُدْرَسِ ؟
Where is teacher's bag?
عَلِيٌّ : هِيَ تَحْتَ الْمَكْتَبِ .
It's under the table.

(١) أَجِبْ عَنِ الْأَسْئَلَةِ الْآتِيَةِ:

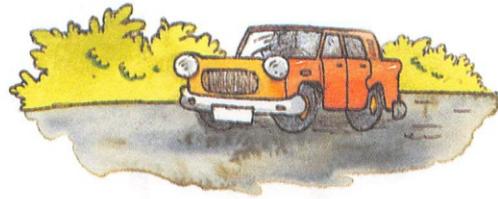
Answer the following questions:

- (١) أَيْنَ كِتَابُ مُحَمَّدٍ؟ هُوَ تَحْتَ الْمَكْتَبِ هُنَاكَ .
 (٢) أَيْنَ كِتَابُ عَمَّارٍ؟ هُوَ عَلَى مَكْتَبِ الْمُدْرَسِ .
 (٣) أَيْنَ حَقِيئَةُ الْمُدْرَسِ؟ هِيَ تَحْتَ الْمَكْتَبِ .

(٢) أَضِفِ الْكَلِمَةَ الْأُولَى إِلَى الثَّانِيَةِ:

Rewrite the two words in each group so that the second word is in the possessive form:

- | | |
|---|---|
| مَكْتَبٌ ، الْمُدْرَسُ : مَكْتَبُ الْمُدْرَسِ | كِتَابٌ ، مُحَمَّدٌ : كِتَابُ مُحَمَّدٍ |
| مِفْتَاحٌ ، الْبَيْتُ مِفْتَاحُ الْبَيْتِ | قَلَمٌ ، حَامِدٌ قَلَمُ حَامِدٍ |
| دُكَّانٌ ، التَّاجِرُ دُكَّانُ التَّاجِرِ | بَيْتٌ ، عَبَّاسٌ بَيْتُ عَبَّاسٍ |
| بَيْتٌ ، الْمُهَنْدِسُ بَيْتُ الْمُهَنْدِسِ | غُرْفَةٌ ، عَلِيٌّ غُرْفَةُ عَلِيٍّ |
| اسْمٌ ، الْوَلَدُ اسْمُ الْوَلَدِ | دَفْتَرٌ ، سَعِيدٌ دَفْتَرُ سَعِيدٍ |
| كِتَابٌ ، اللَّهُ كِتَابُ اللَّهِ | مَنْدِيلٌ ، يَاسِرٌ مَنْدِيلُ يَاسِرٍ |
| بِنْتُ ، الطَّيِّبُ بِنْتُ الطَّيِّبِ | قَمِيصٌ ، عَمَّارٌ قَمِيصُ عَمَّارٍ |
| مِفْتَاحٌ ، السَّيَّارَةُ مِفْتَاحُ السَّيَّارَةِ | سَرِيرٌ ، خَالِدٌ سَرِيرُ خَالِدٍ |



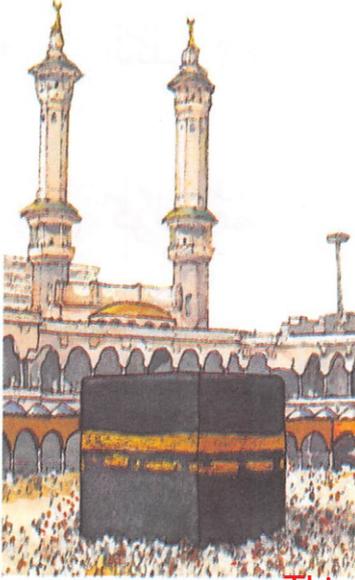
(٣) اِقْرَأْ وَاكْتُبْ مَعَ ضَبْطٍ أَوْ آخِرَ الْكَلِمَاتِ:

Read and write each of the following phrases vocalizing the last letter of both the words:

بَابُ الْمَدْرَسَةِ ، حَمَارُ الرَّجُلِ ، بَيْتُ حَامِدٍ ، سَيَّارَةُ الْمُدِيرِ ،
مَنْدِيلُ عَمَّارٍ ، اسْمُ الطَّالِبِ ، بَيْتُ اللَّهِ ، فِي كِتَابِ اللَّهِ ،
مِنْ بَيْتِ الْمُدْرَسِ ، عَلَى مَكْتَبِ الْمُدِيرِ .

Read:

(٤) اِقْرَأْ



(١) أَيْنَ بَيْتُ الْمُدْرَسِ ؟ هُوَ بَعِيدٌ .
where is teacher's house? it is far.

(٢) الْقُرْآنُ كِتَابُ اللَّهِ .

The Qur'an is Allah's book.

(٣) الْكَعْبَةُ بَيْتُ اللَّهِ .

The Kaba is Allah's house.

(٤) مُحَمَّدٌ (صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) رَسُولُ اللَّهِ .

Huhammed (sw) Allah's Messenger.

(٥) خَرَجَ الْمُدْرَسُ مِنْ غُرْفَةِ الْمُدِيرِ .

Teacher went out from principal's room.

(٦) هَذَا بَيْتُ حَامِدٍ وَذَلِكَ بَيْتُ خَالِدٍ .

This is Hamid's house and that is Khalid's house.

(٧) ابْنُ عَمَّارٍ طَالِبٌ وَابْنُ يَاسِرٍ تَاجِرٌ .

Ammar' son is student and Yasir's son is merchant

(٨) بَيْتُ الْمُدْرَسِ بَعِيدٌ وَبَيْتُ التَّاجِرِ قَرِيبٌ .

Teacher's house is far and merchant house is near.

(٩) هَذَا مِفْتَاحُ السَّيَّارَةِ . أَيْنَ مِفْتَاحُ الْبَيْتِ ؟

This is car's key, where is the key of house?

(١٠) مَنْ أَنْتَ يَا وَلَدٌ ؟ أَنَا ابْنُ عَبَّاسٍ .

How are you o boy? I am Abbas's son.

(١١) وَابْنُ مَنْ هُوَ ؟ هُوَ ابْنُ خَالِدٍ .

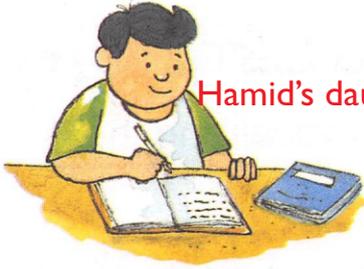
And how's son is he? he is Khalid's son.

(١٢) أَيْنَ مَسْجِدُ رَسُولِ اللَّهِ (صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) ؟

Where is masjid of messenger Muhammed (SW)

هُوَ فِي الْمَدِينَةِ الْمُنَوَّرَةِ .

it is in Madinah Munawara.



(١٣) بِنْتُ حَامِدٍ فِي الْمَدْرَسَةِ وَبِنْتُ مُحَمَّدٍ فِي الْجَامِعَةِ .
Hamid's daughter is in school and Muhammed daughter is in university.

(١٤) اسْمُ الْمُدْرَسِ سَعِيدٌ وَاسْمُ الْمُهَنْدِسِ خَالِدٌ .

Teacher's name is sayeed and engineer name is Khalid.

(١٥) عَمُّ الطَّالِبِ غَنِيٌّ .

Student's uncle is rich.

(١٦) بَابُ الْمَسْجِدِ مَفْتُوحٌ وَبَابُ الْمَدْرَسَةِ مُغْلَقٌ .

Majsid's door is open and school's door is close.

(١٧) خَالَ حَامِدٍ فَقِيرٌ .

Hamid's uncle is poor.

(١٨) سَيَّارَةُ عَبَّاسٍ فِي الشَّارِعِ .

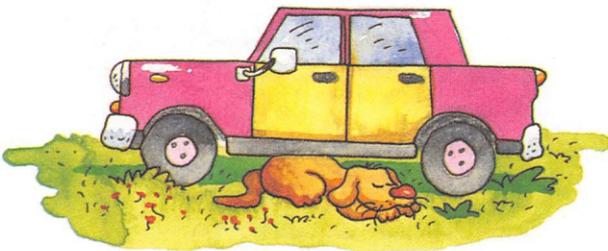
Abbas's car is in street.

(١٩) ابْنُ مَنْ أَنْتَ ؟ أَنَا ابْنُ الْمُدْرَسِ .

How's son are you? I m a son of teacher.

(٢٠) أَيْنَ الْكَلْبُ ؟ هُوَ تَحْتَ السَّيَّارَةِ .

Where is the dog? that is under the Car



(٥) كَوِّنْ جُمْلَةً مُفِيدَةً بِمَلَأِ الْفَرَاحِ فِيمَا يَلِي:

Make sentences by filling in the blanks:

(٢) أَيْنَ مِفْتَاحُ السَّيَّارَةِ ؟

(١) بَابُ الْبَيْتِ مُغْلَقٌ .

(٤) يَبِيتُ الطَّيِّبِ بَعِيدٌ .

(٣) مُحَمَّدٌ (صَلَّى اللَّهُ عَلَيْهِ وَسَلَّمَ) رَسُولُ اللَّهِ

(٦) خَدِيجَةٌ أُخْتُ حَامِدٍ .

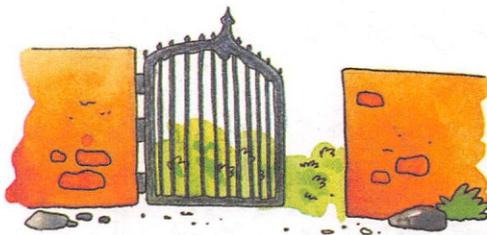
(٥) الْقُرْآنُ كِتَابُ اللَّهِ

(٨) مَكْتَبُ الطَّالِبِ مَكْسُورٌ .

(٧) أَنَا ابْنُ الْمُدْرَسِ .

(١٠) خَرَجَ الْمُدْرَسُ مِنْ عُرْفَةِ الْمُدِيرِ .

(٩) بَابُ السَّيَّارَةِ مَفْتُوحٌ .



The boy name is Muhammed and the girl name is Zainub. اسْمُ : اسْمُ الْوَلَدِ مُحَمَّدٌ وَاسْمُ الْبِنْتِ زَيْنَبُ .

Teacher's name is Hamid, what is the name of principal? اسْمُ الْمُدْرَسِ حَامِدٌ . مَا اسْمُ الْمُدِيرِ؟

Khalid's son is in school and Hamid son is in university. ابْنُ : ابْنُ خَالِدٍ فِي الْمَدْرَسَةِ وَابْنُ حَامِدٍ فِي الْجَامِعَةِ .

Teacher's son is in classroom, where is principal's son? ابْنُ الْمُدْرَسِ فِي الْفَصْلِ . أَيْنَ ابْنُ الْمُدِيرِ؟

اقرأ ما يلي مُراعياً قواعداً تُطَقِّهَمْزَةَ الْوَصْلِ:

Read the following sentences bearing in mind the rule of hamzat-al-wasl:

Muhammed's son is in Iraq and Hamid son is in India. (١) ابْنُ مُحَمَّدٍ فِي الْعِرَاقِ وَابْنُ حَامِدٍ فِي الْهِنْدِ .

doctor's son went out from house. (٢) خَرَجَ ابْنُ الطَّبِيبِ مِنَ الْبَيْتِ .

Merchant's son went to market. (٣) ذَهَبَ ابْنُ التَّاجِرِ إِلَى السُّوقِ .

Engineer's name is Faisal and doctor's name is Masood. (٤) اسْمُ الْمُهَنْدِسِ فَيْصَلٌ وَاسْمُ الطَّبِيبِ مَسْعُودٌ .

What is the name of man? (٥) مَا اسْمُ الرَّجُلِ؟

Who's son are you? I ma son minister. (٦) ابْنُ مَنْ أَنْتَ؟ أَنَا ابْنُ الْوَزِيرِ .

New words:

الكلمات الجديدة:

Son	الابْنُ	Name	الاسْمُ	Kaba	الكَعْبَةُ	Messenger	الرَّسُولُ
Car	السَّيَّارَةُ	Bag	الْحَقِييَةُ	paternal uncle	الْخَالَ	Maternal uncle	الْعَمُّ
There	هُنَاكَ	Under	تَحْتَ	Close	مُعَلَّقٌ	Street	الشَّارِعُ

الْمُدْرَسِ
↓
مُضَافٌ إِلَيْهِ

سَيَّارَةُ
↓
مُضَافٌ

POINTS TO REMEMBER

In this lesson we learn the following:

1. Bilâl's book (kit âbu Bilâl-i-n)

كِتَابُ بِلَالٍ

The imâm's house (bait-u l-imâm-i)

بَيْتُ الْإِمَامِ

In كِتَابُ بِلَالٍ the first word is the thing possessed.

It is called mudâf. The second word بِلَالٍ is the possessor. It is called mudâf ilaihi.

Note:

- a) that the mudâf takes neither the definite nor the indefinite article. So it is wrong to say كِتَابُ بِلَالٍ or الْكِتَابُ بِلَالٍ. The mudâf is definite by position, and does not need the definite article.
- b) the mudâf ilaihi is in the genitive case. It can have tanwîn as in the first example or أَلْ as in the second example.

بِلَالٍ

Bilâl-u-n

بَيْتُ بِلَالٍ

bait-u Bilâl-i-n

الْإِمَامِ

al-imâm-u

بَيْتُ الْإِمَامِ

bait-u l-imâm-i

- c) كِتَابُ مَنْ؟ "whose book?". Note that مَنْ is not in the genitive case because it is indeclinable, i.e. it does not change to indicate its function. There are some indeclinable nouns in Arabic which remain unchanged.
- d) عَلَى مَكْتَبِ الْمُدْرَسِ. Note that مَكْتَبِ is in the genitive case because of the preposition عَلَى and الْمُدْرَسِ is in the genitive case because it is mudâf ilaihi.

2. تَحْتَ "under". The noun following تَحْتَ is in the genitive because it is mudâf ilaihi: تَحْتَ الْمَكْتَبِ، تَحْتَ الْكِتَابِ

3. يَا is a vocative particle. A noun following يَا has only one dammah:

يا بلالٌ not يا بلال، يا شيخ، يا أستاذ

4. The words اسم and ابن commence with hamzatu l-wasl. When preceded by a word the initial «i-» is dropped in pronunciation.

اسم الولد بلال، واسم البنت آمنة.

ism-u l-walad-i bilâl-u-n, wa sm-u l-bint-i âminat-u

ابن المدرس طيب، وابن الإمام تاجر.

ibn-u l-mudarris-i ṭabîb-u-n wa bn-u l-imâm-i tâjir-u-n.

أين ابن حامد؟
aina bn-u hâmid-i-n?

Vocabulary:

الرَّسُولُ The messenger تَحْتَ under, beneath

الْعَمُّ paternal uncle الابْنُ son

الشارعُ street السَّيَّارَةُ car

الكَعْبَةُ The Ka'bah هُنَا here

الخالُ maternal uncle هُنَاكَ there

مُغْلَقٌ closed, shut البنتُ daughter, girl

الاسمُ name الطَّيِّبُ doctor

الحَقِيْبَةُ bag, case